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emissions according to the requirements in §98.183(a) or (b)(1), then you must retain the records required for the Tier 4 Calculation Methodology in §98.37 and the information specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this section.

- (1) Monthly smelting furnace production quantity for each lead product (tons).
- (2) Number of smelting furnace operating hours each month.
- (3) Number of smelting furnace operating hours in calendar year.
- (b) If the carbon mass balance procedure is used to determine process  $CO_2$  emissions according to the requirements in \$98.183(b)(2)(i) and (b)(2)(ii), then you must retain under this subpart the records specified in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(5) of this section.
- (1) Monthly smelting furnace production quantity for each lead product (tons).
- (2) Number of smelting furnace operating hours each month.
- (3) Number of smelting furnace operating hours in calendar year.
- (4) Monthly material quantity consumed, used, or produced for each material included for the calculations of annual process  $\text{CO}_2$  emissions using Equation R-1 of this subpart (tons).
- (5) Average carbon content determined and records of the supplier provided information or analyses used for the determination for each material included for the calculations of annual process  $CO_2$  emissions using Equation R-1 of this subpart.
- (c) You must keep records that include a detailed explanation of how company records of measurements are used to estimate the carbon input to each smelting furnace, including documentation of any materials excluded from Equation R-1 of this subpart that contribute less than 1 percent of the total carbon into or out of the process. You also must document the procedures used to ensure the accuracy of the measurements of materials fed, charged, or placed in an smelting furnace including, but not limited to, calibration of weighing equipment and other measurement devices. The estimated accuracy of measurements made with these devices must also be re-

corded, and the technical basis for these estimates must be provided.

#### §98.188 Definitions.

All terms used in this subpart have the same meaning given in the Clean Air Act and subpart A of this part.

## Subpart S—Lime Manufacturing

# $\S$ 98.190 Definition of the source category.

- (a) Lime manufacturing plants (LMPs) engage in the manufacture of a lime product (e.g., calcium oxide, high-calcium quicklime, calcium hydroxide, hydrated lime, dolomitic quicklime, dolomitic hydrate, or other lime products) by calcination of limestone, dolomite, shells or other calcareous substances as defined in 40 CFR 63.7081(a)(1).
- (b) This source category includes all LMPs unless the LMP is located at a kraft pulp mill, soda pulp mill, sulfite pulp mill, or only processes sludge containing calcium carbonate from water softening processes. The lime manufacturing source category consists of marketed and non-marketed lime manufacturing facilities.
- (c) Lime kilns at pulp and paper manufacturing facilities must report emissions under subpart AA of this part (Pulp and Paper Manufacturing).

 $[74\ FR\ 56374,\ Oct.\ 30,\ 2009,\ as\ amended\ at\ 75\ FR\ 66464,\ Oct.\ 28,\ 2010]$ 

# $\S 98.191$ Reporting threshold.

You must report GHG emissions under this subpart if your facility is a lime manufacturing plant as defined in §98.190 and the facility meets the requirements of either §98.2(a)(1) or (a)(2).

### § 98.192 GHGs to report.

You must report:

- (a)  $CO_2$  process emissions from lime kilns.
- (b)  $CO_2$  emissions from fuel combustion at lime kilns.
- (c)  $N_2O$  and  $CH_4$  emissions from fuel combustion at each lime kiln. You must report these emissions under 40 CFR part 98, subpart C (General Stationary Fuel Combustion Sources).